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| 09/920,383 | 08/01/2001 | Shunsuke Yajima | 70904-56304 | 4400 |

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| EXAMINER |
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JOO, JOSHUA

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| ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
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2154

DATE MAILED: 07/12/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/920,383

Applicant(s)

YAJIMA ET AL.

Examiner

Joshua Joo

Art Unit

2154

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01 August 2001.
- 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-6,8,10,12,14,16,18,20,22,24 and 26 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-6,8,10,12,14,16,18,20,22,24 and 26 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☒ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>7/21/2003</u> . | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

Art Unit: 2154

1. Claims 1-6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, and 26 are presented for examination.

Information Disclosure Statement

2. The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted 08/01/2001, 7/21/2003 are in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the information disclosure statement is being considered by the examiner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

4. Claim 26 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being unpatentable by Mazzagatte et al, US Patent #6,862,583 (Mazzagatte hereinafter).
5. As per claim 26, Mazzagatte teaches the invention as claimed including an apparatus for receiving print data and identification data, where printing is based on matching of identification information. Mazzagatte's teachings comprise of:

an operation data receiving section for receiving operation data from a data preparation device (Col 8, lines 59-63. Computer transmits print data to printer.) which prepares the operation data and identification data corresponding to the operation data (Col 9, lines 8-10. Print data and identification information.);

Art Unit: 2154

an identification data receiving section for receiving the identification data from a portable storage device which has a function to store the identification data received from said data preparation device (Col 9, lines 52-55. Verifies identification information from smart card. Col 8, lines 35-37. Smart card contains identification information.); and

an operation section for performing an operation based on the operation data which is received by said operation receiving section and corresponds to the identification data received by said identification data receiving section (Col 10, lines 16-19. Compares identification information from smart card with identification information with print data.).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

7. Claims 1-6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mazzagatte in view of Francis et al, US Patent #6,650,430 (Francis hereinafter).

8. As per claim 1, Mazzagatte teaches substantially the invention as claimed including the method and system for generating print data and identification data, where printing is based on matching of identification information. Mazzagatte's teachings comprise of:

Art Unit: 2154

data preparation means for preparing operation data and identification data corresponding to the operation data (Col 7, lines 46-48; Col 8, lines 19-23. Submits print data and identification information.);

an electronic device which carries out processing based on the operation data prepared by said data preparation means (Col 9, lines 61-62. Printer prints data.); and

said portable data storage means including identification data storage means for storing the identification data (Col 8, lines 35-38. Smart card contains identification information. Col 5, lines 23-25. Write to smart card.),

wherein said portable data storage means transmits the identification data stored in said identification data storage means to said electronic device (Col 9, lines 56-59. Printer verifies information from smart card.), and when said electronic device receives the identification data from said portable data storage means (Col 9, lines 56-59. Printer verifies information smart card.), said electronic device carries out the processing based on the operation data corresponding to the identification data (Col 9, lines 61-62. Printer proceeds with printout process.).

9. Mazzagatte teaches of a smart-card interface device in order to write to the smart-card (Col 5, lines 23-25). However, Mazzagatte does not specifically teach of portable data storage means for receiving the identification data prepared by said data preparation means.

10. Francis teaches of providing secure printing, where the computer enters identification information into the memory of the smart card (Col 3, lines 50-52).

11. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Mazzagatte and Francis because both teachings deal with providing secure printing by using smart cards that contain identification information.

Art Unit: 2154

Furthermore, the teachings of Francis to enter the identification information into the smart card would improve the teachings of Mazzagatte by specifying how the smart card contains the identification information and allowing the smart card to be updated with newer information.

12. As per claim 2, Mazzagatte teaches the electronic device control system of claim 1, further comprising: transmitting means for transmitting the operation data prepared by said data preparation means to said electronic devices (Col 8, lines 59-63. Sender submits print job and is transmitted to the printer.).

13. As per claim 3, Mazzagatte teaches the electronic device control system of claim 2 wherein: said transmitting means is a network, which connects at least one data preparation means and at least one electronic device (Fig 1. #100).

14. As per claim 4, Mazzagatte does not teach the electronic device control system of claim 1, wherein: said portable data storage means receives the identification data from said data preparation means and transmits the identification data to said electronic device by wireless.

15. Francis teaches of inputting identification information into the memory of a smart card, where the smart card can be a contactless smart card or a RF identification card (Col 3, lines 59-64). Francis also teaches of transmitting information from the smart card to the printer (Col 7, lines 36-39).

16. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Mazzagatte and Francis because both teachings deal with providing secure printing by using smart cards that contain identification information.

Art Unit: 2154

Furthermore, the teachings of Francis to provide a contactless card and to transmit information to the printer would improve the teachings of Mazzagatte by allowing the smart card to operate without contact with the printer and for the printer to receive the information to verify the identification information.

17. As per claim 5, Mazzagatte teaches the electronic device control system of claim 1, wherein:

said electronic device includes operation data storage means for storing the operation data transmitted from said data preparation means (Col 9, lines 8-10. Printer stores print data.); and

said electronic device checks the operation data stored in said operation data storage means against the identification data received from said portable data storage means when receiving the identification data (Col 9, line 56-58. Printer verifies the identification information from smart card.) , detects the operation data corresponding to the received identification data (Col 10, lines 14-18. Compares information from smart card with identification stored in print queue.), and carries out the processing based on the operation data (Col 10, line 20. Printout process.).

18. As per claim 6, Mazzagatte teaches the electronic device control system of claim 3 further comprising: operation data management means (Col 6, line 62. Server), connected to said network, for storing the operation data prepared by said data preparation means and for managing a data output process to output the operation data to said electronic device (Col 6, lines 62-65. Server queues print data and sends data to a printer.).

Art Unit: 2154

19. As per claim 8, Mazzagatte teaches the electronic device control system of claim 1, wherein:

said electronic device includes display means (Col 9, line 65. Display on printer.); and
said electronic device includes control means which confirms the content of the operation data (Col 20-24. Notifies of print job in queue.), judges whether or not said electronic device has function means for performing a selected function required to perform an operation based on the operation data (Col 9, lines 57-59; Col 10, lines 17-19. Verifies print data to print or not.), then indicates the judgment result on said display means (Col 9, lines 65-66. Displays notification.).

20. As per claim 10, Mazzagatte teaches the electronic device control system of claim 1, wherein:

said portable data storage means also stores user management identification data (Col 8, lines 20-37. Smart card contains identification information.), and verifies user management identification data on said electronic device (Col 9, lines 57-58. Printer verifies identification information.); and

said electronic device controls to limit the performance of an operation of said electronic device based on the user management identification data received from said portable data storage means (Col 9, lines 60-64. If identification information is verified, printer proceeds with printout process. If not, notification is made of failure.).

21. However, Mazzagatte does not specifically teach of transmitting the user management identification data to said electronic device.

Art Unit: 2154

22. Francis teaches of transmitting information from the smart card to the printer (Col 7, lines 36-39), where the smart card can be a contactless smart card or a RF identification card (Col 3, lines 59-64).

23. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Mazzagatte and Francis because both teachings deal with providing secure printing by using smart cards that contain identification information. Furthermore, the teachings of Francis to transmit information to the printer would improve the teachings of Mazzagatte by allowing the printer to receive the identification by wireless means to verify the information in order to process the print job.

24. As per claim 12, Mazzagatte teaches the electronic device control system of claim 10, wherein:

the user management identification data includes data of at least one kind selected from the group consisting of department identification data identifying the department in which said data preparation means for preparing operation data is installed (Col 8, lines 27-30. Identification information includes organization unit.), user identification data set for each user (Col 8, lines 27-30. User's information.), and storage means identification data for each portable storage means (Col 8, lines 34-38. Smart card contains identification information.).

25. As per claim 14, Mazzagatte teaches the electronic device control system of claim 10 wherein: the user management identification data is registered in said portable data storage means in advance (Col 8, lines 25-30, 33-37. Smart card contains identification information including user information data.).

Art Unit: 2154

26. As per claim 16, Mazzagatte teaches the electronic device control system of claim 1, wherein: said electronic device is an image output device (Col 9, lines 57-58. Printer.), and the operation data is print data (Col 9, lines 9. Print data.).

27. As per claim 18, Mazzagatte teaches the electronic device control system of claim 1, wherein: said data preparation means is a personal computer (Col 7, lines 46-47. Desktop computer.).

28. As per claim 20, Mazzagatte teaches the electronic device control system of claim 1, wherein: said portable data storage means includes at least one element selected from the group consisting of a portable phone, a portable information processing terminal, and a card-type information recording medium (Col 8, lines 33-34. Smart card.).

29. As per claim 22, Mazzagatte teaches substantially the invention as claimed including a portable data storage device for storing identification data and using the identification to print data. Mazzagatte's teachings comprise of:

a data preparation device (Col 7, lines 46-47. Computer) which prepares operation data to control the operation of an electronic device and identification data corresponding to the operation data (Col 8, lines 19-24. Submits print job with identification information.),

storage means for storing the identification data (Col 8, lines 34-37. Smart card contains identification information.); and

the identification data stored in said storage means to said electronic device which carries out the processing based on the operation data corresponding to the received identification data (Col 9, lines 61-62. Printout process.).

Art Unit: 2154

30. Mazzagatte teaches being able to write on to the smart card (Col 5, lines 23-25) and of verifying information stored in the smart card (Col 9, lines 57-58). However, Mazzagatte does not specifically teach of a receiving section for receiving identification data from a data preparation device or a transmitting section for, upon receipt of the identification data, transmitting the identification data.

31. Francis teaches of entering information into the memory of a smart card (Col 3, lines 40-52) and transmitting the information to the printer (Col 7, lines 37-40).

32. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Mazzagatte and Francis because the teachings of Francis to enter information into the smart card and for the smart card to transmit the information from the smart card would improve the teachings of Mazzagatte by specifying how the smart card contains the identification information and allowing for the updating of information in the smart card. Also, transmitting information from the smart card specifies a method for the printer to receive the identification information, which allows the printer to verify that information with identification of the print data.

33. As per claim 24, Mazzagatte teaches substantially the invention as claimed including the method and apparatus for generating print data and identification data, where printing is based on matching of identification information. Mazzagatte's teachings comprise of:

a data preparation section for preparing operation data to control the operation of an electronic device and identification data corresponding to the operation data (Col 8, lines 20-24. User submits print job and identification information. Col 7, lines 45-47. Computer.);

Art Unit: 2154

an operation data transmitting section for transmitting the operation data prepared by said data preparation section to said electronic device (Col 8, lines 59-61. Transmits print job to the printer.);

a portable data storage device which stores the received identification data (Col 8, lines 34-37. Smart card contains identification information.),

wherein said electronic device, upon receipt of the identification data from said portable data storage device, performs an operation based on the operation data corresponding to the received identification data, selected from among a plurality of operation data received from said operation data transmitting section.

34. Mazzagatte teaches of writing information to a smart card (Col 5, lines 23-25) and a printer that reads information from the smart card (Col 9, lines 53-57). However, Mazzagatte does not teach specifically teach of an identification data transmitting section for transmitting identification data prepared by said data preparation section to a portable data storage device and transmits the stored identification data to said electronic device.

35. Francis teaches of providing secure printing, where the computer enters identification information into the memory of the smart card (Col 3, lines 50-52). The smart card transmits information from the smart card to the printer (Col 7, lines 36-39), where the smart card can be a contactless smart card or a RF identification card (Col 3, lines 59-64).

36. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Mazzagatte and Francis because both teachings deal with providing secure printing by using smart cards that contain identification information. Furthermore, the teachings of Francis to input information to the smart card and to transmit information to the printer would improve the teachings of Mazzagatte by specifying how the

Art Unit: 2154

smart card contains the identification information and allows for the updating of the smart card. Also, Francis teachings to transmit the information from the smart card to the printer would improve the teachings of Mazzagatte by allowing the printer to receive the identification information by wireless means, and it also specifies how the printer receives the identification information.

Conclusion

37. The following prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Chan et al, US Patent #6,378,070, teaches of using a smart card containing identification information to allow the printing of print data when identification stored in smart card matches with the identification of the print data.

38. A shortened statutory period for reply to this Office action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action.


39. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Joshua Joo whose telephone number is 571 272-3966. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday 7 to 4.

40. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John A. Follansbee can be reached on 571 272-3964. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Art Unit: 2154

41. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

June 29, 2005
JJ


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